

## Childcare Policy 101

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### Outline

Why policy? Why now?
KFL&A Public Health project
Policy Characteristics
Examples from the field

## What is policy?

- A principle, value or course of action which guides decision-making
- Can specify expectations, regulations and guides informal (e.g., house rules) or more formal (e.g., healthy schools and workplaces) actions

### Organizational



A Social-Ecological Model for Physical Activity - Adapted from Heise, L., Ellsberg, M., & Gottemoeller, M. (1999)

# Policy in health promotion



### Policy Resources - Public Health Ontario

"8 steps to developing a healthy public policy"

<u>http://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/eRepository/</u> <u>Eight\_steps\_to\_policy\_development\_2012.pdf</u>

Webinar

http://www.publichealthontario.ca/en/eRepositor y/Developing health promotion policies 2012.pdf

## **Best Practice**

 Interventions, programs, strategies or policies

• Use well documented research and evaluation methodologies

Canadian Best Practices Portal – CBPP

Reference: Public Health Agency of Canada



# KFL&A Public Health project

### Background

#### Canadian Physical Activity Guidelines

#### FOR THE EARLY YEARS - 0 - 4 YEARS

#### Guidelines:

#### For healthy growth and development:

Infants (aged less than 1 year) should be physically active several times daily – particularly through interactive floor-based play.

Toddlers (aged 1–2 years) and press 180 minutes of physical activity at ar A variety of activities in different

Activities that develop movem Progression toward at least 60

More daily physical activity provides

#### Being active as an infant means:

- · Tummy time
- · Reaching for or grasping balls or other toys
- · Playing or rolling on the floor · Grawling around the home

#### Being active as a toddler or preschooler

- · Any activity that gets kids moving
- · Climbing stairs and moving around the home · Playing outside and exploring their environment
- Grawling, brisk walking, running or dancing
- The older children get, the more energetic play they as hopping, jumping, skipping and bike riding.

#### All activity counts. Try these tips to get

☑ Create safe spaces for play. Play music and learn action songs together Dress for the weather and explore the outdoors.

Any way, every day. Get active together!

#### For healthy growth and development, caregivers should minimize the time infants (aged less than 1 year), toddlers (aged 1-2 years) and preschoolers (aged 3-4 years) spend being sedentary during waking hours. This includes prolonged sitting or being restrained (e.g., stroller, high chair) for more than one hour at a time.

For those under 2 years, screen time (e.g., TV, computer, electronic games) is not recommended.

Canadian Sedentary Behaviour Guidelines

For children 2-4 years, screen time should be limited to under one hour per day; less is better.

#### The Lowdown on the Slowdown: what counts as being sedentary

• in a stroller, high chair or car seat

· watching television

Sedentory behaviours are those that involve very little physical movement while children are awake, such as sitting or reclining:

· playing with non-active electronic devices such as video games, tablets, computers or phones

FOR THE EARLY YEARS - 0 - 4 YEARS

Guidelines:

#### Develop social skills Behave better

· Improve learning and attention · Improve language skills

· Maintain a healthy body weight

help young kids:

Spending less time being sedentary can

#### So cut down on sitting down. To reduce young children's sedentary time, you can:

#### D Explore and play with your child.

#### Stop during long car trips for playtime.

D Limit use of playpens and infant seats when baby is awake. D Set limits and have rules about screen time. E Keep TVs and computers out of bedrooms. Take children outside every day

There's no time like right now to get up and get moving!



#### Healthy Living Habits in **Pre-school Children** from the KFL&A Region (2011)\* CSEP Early Years **Guidelines**

\*Carson et al., 2013. Paediatr Child Health

## **HSF Spark Development Grant**

"Increasing Physical Activity and Reducing Sedentary Behaviour in Childcare Settings: Creating Supportive Environments"



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# **Partnership Activities**



# The Healthy Kids Strategy

- "create healthy environments for preschool children, and develop the knowledge and skills of key professions to support parents in raising healthy kids"
- Healthy Kids Panel Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (2013).





### Designing the Policy KFL&A's Experience

### Policy Goal - KFL&A

• To create a **positive culture and supportive environment** to increase and promote the amount of physical activity (PA), develop physical literacy (PL) and minimize the amount of sedentary behaviour (SB) in early learning programs.





# Policy Components and Examples

KFL&A Spark Project
Eastern Ontario Toolkit
Flourish – Windsor Essex
Healthy Beginnings For Preschoolers - BC





# **Frequency and Duration**

- Policy provides a specific amount of daily time that children are able to partake in active play and how often
- "Toddlers and preschoolers should accumulate at least 180 minutes of activity; any intensity..."

### **KFL&A Example**

• The amount of daily physical activity equates to about **25%** of the time the 1-4 year old child is awake (an average of at least 15 minutes per every hour).





- In a full day, children should accumulate
   120 minutes of moderate to vigorous
   physical activity daily, while in childcare.
- In a half day, children should accumulate
   60 minutes of moderate to vigorous

## **Outdoor Time**

• Policy stipulates that children be provided with physically active play time outdoors, weather permitting



# KFL&A Policy Example

### • Weather

• With inclement weather, program plans will be adjusted for indoor physical activities of **equal duration** to the time that would have been spent outdoors.

### • Settings

• Places of interest



# Equipment/ Environment



- Policy specifies that a variety of indoor and outdoor equipment be provided for the children
  - Age-appropriate, developmentally stimulating
  - Portable and fixed
  - Accommodates all children (number and nature)

# Variety of Activities

 Policy stipulates that childcare educators incorporate many different kinds of physically active play and use sedentary time for appropriate learning



# Policy Example



Indoor and Outdoor Environment

- Safe, clean, engaging
- Portable and/or fixed equipment
- Encourages FMS and Physical literacy
- Educators will monitor, enhance and participate

# Structured vs unstructured

- Remove areas that encourage sedentary behaviour, such as chairs
- Use equipment associated with PA
- Planning structured and unstructured PA together





### **Sedentary Behaviour**



- Policy specifies that childcare providers limit children's sedentary behaviour and screen time appropriately
- "Minimize time infants, toddlers and preschoolers spend being sedentary... ..no more than one hour"

# Example – KFL&A



### o Sedentary behaviour

• Particular attention to infant development and confining equipment

### • Screen Time

- Follow SB Guidelines for the EY
- Educational purposes only

# **Daily Physical Activity Plan**

- Policy states that childcare services create physical activity schedules so as to plan daily physical activities and reduce sedentary behaviours
- following best practices outlined in the Ontario Early Learning Framework.



# **Physical Activity Records**

- Policy requires that childcare service providers record children's physical activity practices during care to monitor progress and inform parents
- **Example** Movement Skills Observation Report





### **Dress Code**



- Policy requires parents to outfit children with appropriate clothing for physically active play
- "All children are required to wear appropriate footwear, hats, and apply 15+ sunscreen on exposed skin at regular intervals when participating in outdoor activities..."

# **Culturally Sensitive**



- Policy specifies that physical and sedentary activities are respectful for children of all cultures, fostering an inclusive environment
- "Include all children in physical activities by considering variations in ability and by catering for children from Aboriginal and ...cultural and linguistically diverse backgrounds"

# **Special Needs**

- Policy requires adaptation to physically active play so as to create an inclusive atmosphere that facilitates physical activity for all children
- "Ensure inclusive practices for all children including those with special needs"



# **Disciplinary Action**

- Policy prohibits using/reducing physical activity time as a form of discipline
- "Use or restriction of physical activity is prohibited as a strategy for discipline"



# Physical Literacy

- Policy specifies that fundamental movement skills and fundamental sport skills that permit a child to move confidently and with control in a wide range of physical activity situations be included
- At least two activities will target basic movement skills



# Self-Assessment Tool

- A self-assessment tool is included within the policy documents for childcare service providers to assess their current policies and practices
- Example EOHU Toolkit

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY ENVIRONMENT SELF-ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING TOOLKIT for Childcare Settings



# **Staff Participation & Training**

- staff are active role models for physical activity
- professional development for program staff





#### Role Modelling

### Professional Development

show enthusiasm for an active healthy lifestyle

emphasize fun and encourage children in their activities



# Parent Involvement



- Incorporates parents/caregivers into the healthy lifestyle discussion,
- Provide education to parents and children regarding healthy physical activity and sedentary time
  - Examples- Newsletters, bulletin boards

### **Session Check in**